

## Probability Density Distribution—PROD

The program PROD (**P**robability **D**ensity **D**istribution) is a subroutine subprogram that calculates the probability density distribution by first normalizing the given data by its maximum value and then counting the number of sample values belonging to each of the 21 orders of magnitude between the maximum and minimum values. The mean and standard deviation of the data are calculated simultaneously.

### PROD ( Probability Density Distribution )

**【Purpose】**

To compute the probability density distribution of the given data and simultaneously compute the mean and standard deviation of the data.

**【Usage】**

( 1 ) How to connect

CALL PROD (N, X, ND, RAMP, PROP, AV, SD)

Argument	Type	Parameter in calling program	Return Parameter
N	I	Total number of data X	Unchanged
X	R 1-D array ( ND )	Equal interval data	Data normalized by maximum value
ND	I	Dimension size of X in calling program	Unchanged
RAMP	R 1-D array (21)	No need to input here	Representative value of relative amplitude
PROP	R 1-D array (21)	No need to input here	Probability distribution in each class (%)
AV	R	No need to input here	Average value normalized by maximum value
SD	R	No need to input here	Standard deviation normalized by maximum value

( 2 ) Necessary subroutines and function subprograms

None

【Program List】

```

C *****                                PROD  1
C   SUBROUTINE FOR PROBABILITY DENSITY DISTRIBUTION           PROD  2
C *****                                PROD  3
C                                                         PROD  4
C                                                         PROD  5
C                               CODED BY Y. OHSAKI           PROD  6
C                                                         PROD  7
C   SUBROUTINE PROD(N, X, ND, RAMP, PROP, AV, SD)             PROD  8
C                                                         PROD  9
C   DIMENSION X(ND), RAMP(21), PROP(21)                      PROD 10
C   DIMENSION BOUND(21)                                       PROD 11
C                                                         PROD 12
C   INTIALIZATION                                             PROD 13
C                                                         PROD 14
C   DO 110 I=1, 21                                           PROD 15
C   RAMP(I)=1. -REAL(I-1)/10.                                PROD 16
C   BOUND(I)=RAMP(I)-0.05                                     PROD 17
C   PROP(I)=0.                                               PROD 18
110 CONTINUE                                                PROD 19
C   XMAX=0.                                                  PROD 20
C   DO 120 M=1, N                                           PROD 21
C   XMAX=AMAX1(XMAX, ABS(X(M)))                              PROD 22
120 CONTINUE                                                PROD 23
C   DO 130 M=1, N                                           PROD 24
C   X(M)=X(M)/XMAX                                          PROD 25
130 CONTINUE                                                PROD 26
C   AV=0.                                                    PROD 27
C   SD=0.                                                    PROD 28
C                                                         PROD 29
C   PROBABILITY DENSITY                                     PROD 30
C                                                         PROD 31
C   DO 150 M=1, N                                           PROD 32
C   AV=AV+X(M)                                               PROD 33
C   SD=SD+X(M)**2                                           PROD 34
C   DO 140 I=1, 21                                           PROD 35
C   IF(X(M).LT.BOUND(I)) GO TO 140                          PROD 36
C   PROP(I)=PROP(I)+1.                                       PROD 37
C   GO TO 150                                               PROD 38
140 CONTINUE                                                PROD 39
150 CONTINUE                                                PROD 40
C   DO 160 I=1, 21                                           PROD 41
C   PROP(I)=PROP(I)/REAL(N)*100.                             PROD 42
160 CONTINUE                                                PROD 43
C   AV=AV/REAL(N)                                           PROD 44
C   SD=SQRT(SD/REAL(N)-AV**2)                               PROD 45
C   RETURN                                                  PROD 46
C   END

```

**【Example】**

Compute the probability density distribution of El Centro seismic waves (EQ.01). The main program, for example, is as follows, and the output is shown in Table 3-1.

```

CHARACTER NAME*50
DIMENSION X(800), RAMP(21), PROP(21)
C
READ(5, 501) NAME, DT, NN, (X(M), M=1, NN)
CALL PROD(NN, X, 800, RAMP, PROP, AV, SD)
WRITE(6, 601) NAME, (RAMP(I), PROP(I), I=1, 21)
WRITE(6, 602) AV, SD
STOP
C
501 FORMAT(A50, F10.0, I10/(8F10.0))
601 FORMAT(A50//T3, '--- PROBABILITY DENSITY DISTRIBUTION ---' //
*      T5, 'REALT. AMP    PROB. DENSITY(PERCENT)' // (F13.2F16.5))
602 FORMAT(/T5, 'NORMALIZED AVERAGE VALUE', F10.3/
*      T5, 'NORMALIZED STANDARD DEV.', F10.3)
END

```

**Output :**

EQ. 01 - EL CENTRO, CALIF. 1940.5.18 NS

--- PROBABILITY DENSITY DISTRIBUTION ---

REALT. AMP      PROB. DENSITY(PERCENT)

1.00	0.50
0.90	0.75
0.80	0.62
0.70	0.62
0.60	2.38
0.50	2.62
0.40	3.12
0.30	5.12
0.20	8.25
0.10	16.38
0.00	24.62
-0.10	13.00
-0.20	4.50
-0.30	3.62
-0.40	4.00
-0.50	4.12
-0.60	2.88
-0.70	1.25
-0.80	0.75
-0.90	0.88
-1.00	0.00

NORMALIZED AVERAGE VALUE      -0.000  
 NORMALIZED STANDARD DEV.      0.314