

Integration of Acceleration Time History—IACC

The program IACC (Integration of Acceleration Time History) is a subroutine subprogram that calculates the time history of velocity and displacement by integrating the given acceleration time history using the linear acceleration method, and also calculates the maximum velocity and maximum displacement.

IACC (Integration of Acceleration Time History)

【Purpose】

To compute the velocity and displacement time histories and their maximum values by integrating given acceleration time history using the linear acceleration method.

【Usage】

(1) How to connect

CALL IACC (DT, NN, DDY, DY, Y, ND, DYMAX, YMAX)

Argument	Type	Parameter in calling program	Return Parameter
DT	R	Time interval (unit : sec)	Unchanged
NN	I	Total number of real data DDY,DY,Y	Unchanged
DDY	R 1-D array (ND)	Time history of input acceleration (unit : Gal)	Unchanged
DY	R 1-D array (ND)	No need to input here	Time history of output velocity (unit : cm/sec)
Y	R 1-D array (ND)	No need to input here	Time history of output displacement (unit : cm)
ND	I	Dimension size of DDY, DY, Y in calling program	Unchanged
DYMAX	R	No need to input here	Max value of velocity (unit : cm/sec)
YMAX	R	No need to input here	Max value of displacement (unit : cm)

(2) Necessary subroutines and function subprograms

None

【Example】

Integrate the acceleration time history of the El Centro seismic wave (EQ.01) to compute the velocity and displacement time histories. The results are stored in the arrays *DY* and *Y*, respectively, and can be plotted as follows.

```

C
  DIMENSION DDY(800), DY(800), Y(800)
C
  READ(5, 501) DT, NN, (DDY(M), M=1, NN)
  CALL IACC (DT, NN, DDY, DY, Y, 800, DYMAX, YMAX)
  STOP
501 FORMAT(T51, F10.0, I10/(8F10.0))
  END

```

Output :

